

Party	Security Diplomatic	Socio-economic
Likud 	<p>Considered hawkish on security issues, Netanyahu presents himself as the only candidate to deal with Hamas and Hezbollah, and stop Iran going nuclear.</p> <p>Netanyahu in principle favours a two-state solution, though much of party is sceptical. Since failure of Kerry talks he has alluded to regional approach.</p>	<p>Economic agenda secondary to security-diplomatic. Generally considered fiscally conservative but proposing reduced VAT on basic goods. They have attacked Zionist Union's plans for increased government spending.</p>
Zionist Union 	<p>Calling for rebuilding relations with moderate Palestinians on way to negotiated peace. Have criticised Prime Minister Netanyahu for leading Israel into diplomatic isolation and promise to strengthen Israel's relations with the US and Europe.</p>	<p>Economic plan by Prof. Manuel Trajtenberg to increase spending to 40% of GDP.</p> <p>Raft of measures to reduce cost of living including free land for housing.</p>
Jewish Home 	<p>Opposed to Palestinian state and for expansion of settlements and annexation of Israeli controlled parts of West Bank (Area C).</p> <p>Unapologetic approach to international relations.</p>	<p>Broadly centrist economic agenda appealing to Jewish mainstream. Have highlighted achievements in government, such as increasing the salary and conditions of low-paid contract workers.</p>
Yesh Atid 	<p>Have voiced support for attempts to separate from Palestinians through a regional agreement, based on the Saudi Peace Initiative and have spoken about the threat of boycotts if the peace process fails.</p>	<p>Catering to middle class is main agenda: including increased housing construction and 0% VAT for first time buyers.</p> <p>Touts reforms delivered on social policy in last government and legislation to draft ultra-Orthodox men.</p>
Kulanu 	<p>Leader Kahlon sceptical about Palestinian partner but open to land for peace; criticised announcements of settlement construction. Senior party figure Michael Oren on record in favour of unilateral withdrawal.</p> <p>Have stressed the importance of Israel's relationship with the United States.</p>	<p>Key election pitch is cost of living issues. They have placed an emphasis on tackling monopolies – especially electricity, ports, and lands authority - and enforcing competition.</p>
Yisrael Beiteinu 	<p>Vocally hawkish on security issues.</p> <p>Favour a regional agreement on Israeli-Palestinian conflict, which would include transfer of Arab-Israeli populated territories to a Palestinian state, in exchange for West Bank settlement blocs.</p>	<p>Would increase state provision of afterschool activities for young children.</p> <p>Make available 90% mortgages for first time home buyers.</p>
Shas	<p>Security-diplomacy not the party's main issue. Haredi voters tend to be hawkish but party is politically pragmatic.</p>	<p>Main goal to protect funding for ultra-Orthodox institutions and other interests.</p> <p>Campaigning to appeal to the poorest sectors: cancelling VAT on basic goods, introducing mansion tax, and more tax on stock profits.</p>
Meretz	<p>Strongly favour a negotiated peace.</p>	<p>Calling to 'restore welfare state' with social policy reforms.</p>
United Arab List	<p>Support for an agreement which meets Palestinian interests.</p>	<p>Greater equality for Israeli-Arab sector.</p>
Yahad	<p>Hard right group opposed to any agreement with Palestinians.</p>	<p>0% VAT on basic goods.</p> <p>Hostile approach to non-Jewish minorities.</p>
United Torah Judaism	<p>Security-diplomacy not the party's main issue. Haredi voters tend to be hawkish but party is politically pragmatic.</p>	<p>Main goal to protect funding for ultra-Orthodox institutions and other interests. Campaign for increased welfare provisions for large families.</p>